## Changes for the Better

INVERTER

## Parallel Operation Function Release of the FR-A872-P Inverter, FR-CC2-N-P Converter unit, and FR-POL-N Balance Reactor'

To support parallel operation functions, the 690 V class inverters (separated converter type) and the converter units, and the compatible balance reactors are newly released.

## Features

Operation of two or three inverters in parallel ${ }^{* 1}$
Driving a large capacity motor is possible without increasing the size of the inverter or converter unit, facilitating installation into the enclosure.

## Enlarged range of applicable motor capacity

A motor of up to 1300 kW can be driven by operating the inverters in parallel, enhancing the application to larger scale systems.
*1: Some functions same as those in the standard inverter are limited or not available.
(For example, communication through the RS-485 terminals, upper limit frequency setting during highspeed operation, multiple rating setting, and PM motor driving.)
For the details of each function, refer to the A800 Parallel Operation Function Manual.

## Benefits

Contributing to the cost reduction of the enclosure
Side by side installation and bus bar connection improve the storage efficiency. Downsizing of the enclosure contributes to cost reduction.


Comparison with the 400 V class inverter of the same capacity


Rated specifications
Inverter
■ 690 VAC power input
■ 575 VAC power input

| Model FR－A872－［ ］－P |  |  | Single |  |  | Two in parallel |  |  | Three in parallel |  |  | Single |  |  | Two in parallel |  |  | Three in parallel |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 05690 | 06470 | 07150 | 05690 | 06470 | 07150 | 05690 | 06470 | 07150 | 05690 | 06470 | 07150 | 05690 | 06470 | 07150 | 05690 | 06470 | 07150 |
| Applicable motor capacity $(\mathrm{kW})^{4}$ |  | ND | 450 | 500 | 560 | 710 | 800 | 900 | 1000 | 1200 | 1300 | 355 | 400 | 450 | 560 | 630 | 710 | 800 | 900 | 1100 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 芌 } \\ & \text { 2 } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Rated capacity（kVA）${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | ND | 612 | 680 | 773 | 979 | 1088 | 1237 | 1468 | 1631 | 1855 | 510 | 567 | 644 | 816 | 906 | 1031 | 1223 | 1359 | 1546 |
|  | Rated current（A）${ }^{\text {＋3}}$ | ND | 512 | 569 | 647 | 819 | 910 | 1035 | 1228 | 1365 | 1552 | 512 | 569 | 647 | 819 | 910 | 1035 | 1228 | 1365 | 1552 |
|  | Overload current rating ${ }^{*}$ | ND | $150 \% 60 \mathrm{~s}, 200 \% 3 \mathrm{~s}$（inverse－time characteristics） at surrounding air temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $150 \% 60 \mathrm{~s}, 200 \% 3 \mathrm{~s}$（inverse－time characteristics） at surrounding air temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rated voltage ${ }^{* 5}$ |  | Three－phase 600 to 690 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Three－phase 525 to 600 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power supply voltage |  | 849 to 1025 VDC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 742 to 891 VDC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Control power supply a input | xiliary | Single－phase 525 to 690 V， $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Single－phase 525 to 690 V， $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Permissible control pow supply auxiliary input fluctuation |  | Frequency $\pm 5 \%$ ，voltage $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Frequency $\pm 5 \%$ ，voltage $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protection rating of structure $\left(\right.$ IEC 60529）${ }^{\text {6 }}$ |  |  | Open type（IP00） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Open type（IP00） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cooling system |  |  | Forced air |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Forced air |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approx．mass（kg）${ }^{7}$ |  |  | 186 | 186 | 186 | 372 | 372 | 372 | 558 | 558 | 558 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 372 | 372 | 372 | 558 | 558 | 558 |

＊1：The values in the＂ 690 VAC power input＂table indicate the maximum applicable motor capacity at a power input of 690 V ．The values in the＂ 575 VAC power input＂table indicate the one at a power input of 575 V ．
＊2：The values in the＂ 690 VAC power input＂table indicate the rated output capacity at a power input of 690 V ．The values in the＂ 575 VAC power input＂table indicate the one at a power input of 575 V ．
＊3：Total output current of the inverters operated in parallel．
＊4：The percentage of the overload current rating is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter＇s rated output current．For repeated duty，allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under $100 \%$ load．
5：The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage．The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range．However，the maximum point of the voltage waveform at the inverter output side is the power supply voltage multiplied by about $\sqrt{ } 2$ ．
＊6：FR－DU08：IP40（except for the PU connector）
＊7：Total mass of the inverters operated in parallel

## Converter unit $\quad 690$ VAC power input

■ 575 VAC power input

| Model FR－CC2－N［ ］－P | Single |  |  | Two in parallel |  |  | Three in parallel |  |  | Single |  |  | Two in parallel |  |  | Three in parallel |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 450K | 500K | 560K | 450K | 500K | 560K | 450K | 500K | 560K | 450K | 500K | 560K | 450K | 500K | 560K | 450K | 500K | 560K |
| Applicable motor capacity（kW） | 450 | 500 | 560 | 710 | 800 | 900 | 1000 | 1200 | 1300 | 355 | 400 | 450 | 560 | 630 | 710 | 800 | 900 | 1100 |
| 言 Overload current rating ${ }^{\text {＋}}$ | $150 \% 60 \mathrm{~s}, 200 \% 3 \mathrm{~s}$ at surrounding air temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $150 \% 60 \mathrm{~s}, 200 \% 3 \mathrm{~s}$ at surrounding air temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 言 Rated DC voltage ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 849 to 976 VDC $^{*} 4$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 742 to 849 VDC $^{* 4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power supply capacity（kVA）${ }^{\text {＊3}}$ | 612 | 680 | 773 | 979 | 1088 | 1237 | 1468 | 1631 | 1855 | 510 | 567 | 644 | 816 | 906 | 1031 | 1223 | 1359 | 1546 |
| Rated input current（A）${ }^{* 5}$ | 512 | 569 | 647 | 819 | 910 | 1035 | 1228 | 1365 | 1552 | 512 | 569 | 647 | 819 | 910 | 1035 | 1228 | 1365 | 1552 |
| Rated input AC voltage／ frequency | Three－phase 600 V to 690 V 50／60 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Three－phase 525 V to $600 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ermissible AC voltage } \\ & \text { Ber } \\ & \text { Pluctuation } \end{aligned}$ | Three－phase 540 V to $759 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Three－phase 472 V to 660 V 50／60 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Permissible frequency fluctuation | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protective structure（IEC60529） | Open type（IP00） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Open type（IP00） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cooling system | Forced air |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Forced air |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DC reactor | Built－in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Built－in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approx．mass（kg）${ }^{*} 6$ | 237 | 241 | 245 | 474 | 482 | 490 | 711 | 723 | 735 | 237 | 241 | 245 | 474 | 482 | 490 | 711 | 723 | 735 |

＊1：The percentage of the overload current rating is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter＇s rated output current．For repeated duty，allow time for the converter unit and the inverter to return to or below the temperatures under $100 \%$ load．
＊2：The converter unit output voltage varies according to the input power supply voltage and the load．The maximum point of the voltage waveform at the converter unit output side is approximately the power supply voltage multiplied by $\sqrt{ } 2$ ．
＊3：The power supply capacity is the value at the rated output current．The input power impedances（including those of the input reactor and cables）affect the value．
＊4：The permissible voltage imbalance ratio is $3 \%$ or less．
（Imbalance ratio $=$（highest voltage between lines - average voltage between three lines ）／average voltage between three lines $\times 100$ ）
＊5：Total input current of the converter units operated in parallel．
＊6：Total mass of the converter units operated in parallel．

## System configuration example

＜Example of parallel connection of two inverters＞


[^0]＜Example of parallel connection of three inverters＞


## Inverter

FR-A872-05690 to 07150-P


## Converter unit

FR-CC2-N450K to N560K-P


## Balance Reactor For Inverter Parallel Operation

FR-POL-N560K


## Dedicated options

Enclosure wire connection attachment FR-A8CW29-N/FR-A8CW39-N
Upper attachment (FR-A8CW29-N-A/FR-A8CW39-N-A)


Lower attachment (FR-A8CW29-N-B/FR-A8CW39-N-B)


Enclosure slide rail
FR-A8SR39
Slide rail unit (FR-A8SR39-A)


Lifter guide (FR-A8SR39-B)


FR-A8CW59-N
Upper attachment (FR-A8CW59-N-A)


Lower attachment (FR-A8CW59-N-B)


FR-A8SR59
Slide rail unit (FR-A8SR59-A)


Lifter guide (FR-A8SR59-B)


## IP20 compliant attachment

## FR-A8CU39-N

Upper IP20 cover (644H02)


## FR-A8CU59-N

Upper IP20 cover (644H01)


## FR-A8CU79-N

Upper IP20 cover (644H03)


Lower IP20 cover (644H05)



Lower IP20 cover (644H04)


Bus bar for terminals P/+ and N/- (807)


Terminal Connection Diagram

## Inverter

- FM type

Sink logic


[^1]
## Converter unit

■When the sink logic is selected
Sink logic

*1: To use separate power supply for the control circuit, remove each jumper at terminal R1/L11 and terminal S1/L21.
*2: To use the power failure time deceleration-to-stop function, remove the jumpers connected to terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21, and connect terminal R1/L11 and the terminal P/+ bus bar and terminal S1/L21 and the terminal N/- bus bar.Pass wires between the converter unit and the inverter and through the rubber bush on the side face of the converter unit to the terminals inside.
*3: The function of these terminals can be changed using the Input terminal function selection (Pr.178, Pr.187, Pr. 189)
*4: The function of these terminals can be changed using the Output terminal function selection (Pr.195).
*5: The function of these terminals can be changed using the Output terminal function selection (Pr. 190 to Pr. 194).
*6: For manufacturer setting. Do not use.
*7: To use the RDA signal of the converter unit, select the normally-closed contact input specification for the input logic of the MRS signal or X10 signal of the inverter. To use the RDB signal of the converter unit, select the normally-open contact input specification for the input logic of the MRS signal or X10 signal of the inverter. (For changing the input logic, refer to the Instruction Manual of the inverter.)
*8: RS-485 terminals are used for RS-485 communication between the master and the slave for the parallel operation. (For details, refer to the Instruction Manual.)

## Balance Reactor For Inverter Parallel Operation

<Example of parallel connection of two inverters>


11: When the cable length from an inverter to the node point ( $a / a^{\prime} / a^{\prime \prime}$ ) is less than 10 m , install the FR-POL.
<Example of parallel connection of three inverters>


## Lineup

Inverter


## Converter unit



## Dedicated options

Balance Reactor For Inverter Parallel Operation


IP20 compliant attachment
Attachment specially made for the FR-A872(-P) and FR-CC2-N(-P) to satisfy IP20 structural protection requirements.


| Symbol | Application | Applicable model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | Makes the main circuit terminals IP20 rated when connecting terminals with bus bars. | FR-CC2-N450K(-P) to N560K(-P), N630K |
| 59 |  | FR-A872-05690(-P) to 07150(-P) |
| 79 | Makes the main circuit terminals IP20 rated when installing the inverter and the converter unit side by side. | FR-A872-05690 to 07150 FR-CC2-N450K to N630K |

Enclosure wire connection attachment
Attachment for wire connection for the FR-A872(-P) and FR-CC2-N(-P) (used with the FR-A8SR slide rail).
Use the FR-A8CW29-N for the FR-CC2-N(-P) to enable the 6-phase rectification, and use the FR-A8CW39-N to enable the 12-phase rectification.


Enclosure slide rail
Attachment to facilitate the installation in the enclosure, maintenance, and unit replacement when a fault occurs.
FR-A8SR



[^0]:    ＊1：When the cable length from an inverter to the node point（ $a / a^{\prime} / a^{\prime \prime}$ ）is less than 10 m ， install the FR－POL．

[^1]:    *1: A jumper is installed across terminal R1/L11 and terminal P/+, and across terminal S1/L21 and terminal N/-. When using a separate power supply for the control circuit, remove the : A jumper is installed across terminal R1/L11 and term
    jumpers connected to terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21.
    *2: The function of these terminals can be changed using the Input terminal function selection (Pr. 178 to Pr. 189).
    *3: Terminal JOG is also used as a pulse train input terminal. Use Pr. 291 to choose JOG or pulse.
    *4: The X10 signal (NC contact input specification) is assigned to the terminal MRS in the initial setting. Set Pr.599 = "0" to change the input specification of the X10 signal to NO contact.
    *5: Terminal input specifications can be changed by analog input specification switchover (Pr.73, Pr.267). To input voltage ( 0 to $5 \mathrm{~V} / 0$ to 10 V ), set the voltage/current input switch OFF. To input current ( 4 to 20 mA ), set the voltage/current input switch ON. Terminals 10 and 2 are also used as a PTC input terminal. (Pr.561)
    *6: It is recommended to use $2 \mathrm{~W} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ when the frequency setting signal is changed frequently.
    ${ }^{*} 7$ : The function of these terminals can be changed using the Output terminal function selection (Pr. 195 or Pr. 196).
    *8: The function of these terminals can be changed using the Output terminal function selection (Pr. 190 to Pr. 194).
    *9: No function is assigned in the initial setting. Use Pr. 192 for function assignment.
    ${ }^{*} 10$ : Terminal FM can be used to output pulse trains as open collector output by setting Pr. 291.
    *11: Not required when calibrating the scale with the operation panel.
    *12: RS-485 terminals are used for RS-485 communication between the master and the slave for the parallel operation. (For details, refer to the Instruction Manual.)

